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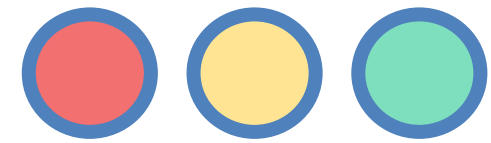
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CALICO 24

Shadowing to Improve Pronunciation in Novice Lx Italian Classroom Learning: A Canvas Task

OVERVIEW



PROBLEM

Contextual

Classroom of 21 beginner students:
how to target pronunciation?

Pedagogical

How to develop learner autonomy
in pronunciation practice?

Methodological

Does this new task actually help
pronunciation?

STUDY DESIGN

Task

Asynchronous Canvas task to *shadow*
(listen and mimic) an Italian speaker at
the sentence and paragraph level.

Analysis

Mid-semester and end-of-semester
student recordings acoustically
analyzed by 2 measures of fluency
(double consonants and word-linking)
and statistically analyzed by recording
context (shadowing or not

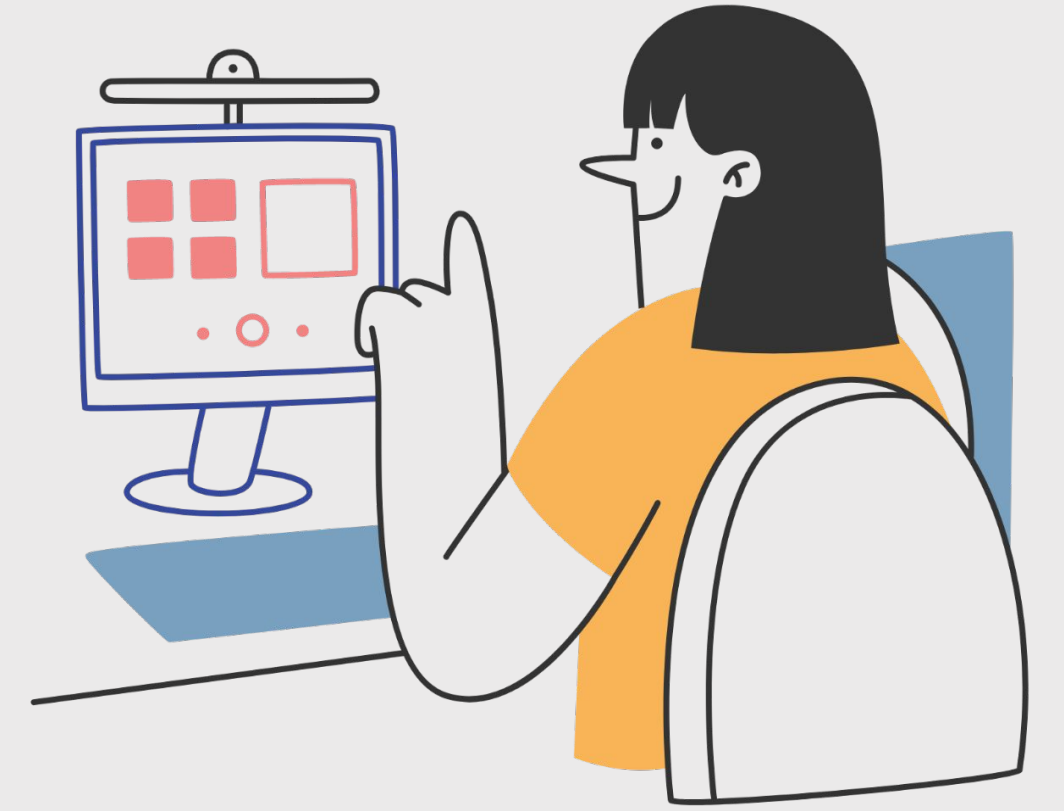
RESULTS

- Students' word-linking improves
when shadowing
sentence-by-sentence.
- No improvement from mid- to
end-of-semester.
- Students' confidence grew.

CLASSROOM APPLICATION

Canvas shadowing task useful for
sentence-level pronunciation.

CANVAS TASK





Welcome to a fun and productive pronunciation task! This take-home is designed to help you focus on your speaking fluency, and to develop your own self-introduction, delivered with confidence. The time limit (90 minutes) is not designed to make you rush, rather, to help you not spend too much time on each task so that you can continue moving forward. You will not be able to go back in the task and modify your responses, so please double-check before submitting each time.

Quiz Type Graded Quiz

Points 0

Assignment Group Chapter Exams

Shuffle Answers No

Time Limit 90 Minutes



Answers No

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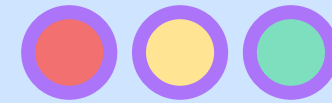
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Attention! ✕

Once you have submitted an answer, you will not be able to change it later. You will not be able to view the previous question.

Begin



In an external program (Audacity, Voice memos, etc.), you will record yourself saying the following paragraph. Please **do not rehearse** this paragraph, as this is a timed assignment and you are not being evaluated on the accuracy of your pronunciation in the initial recording but rather your completion of the assignment as a whole, i.e., your ability to notice areas of improvement and implement such improvement.

- Please test your microphone and make sure it is working.
- Please record in a quiet room.
- Begin recording on your first read of the paragraph.

//

Ciao a tutti!

Il mio nome è Ale, ho 26 anni e vengo dall'Italia. Lavoro come insegnante e ho molti hobby: Viaggiare, conoscere nuove lingue e culture, fare video. Nella mia famiglia siamo cinque persone e una bellissima gatta di nome Crystal. Il mio sogno per il futuro è lavorare nel mondo del videomaking.

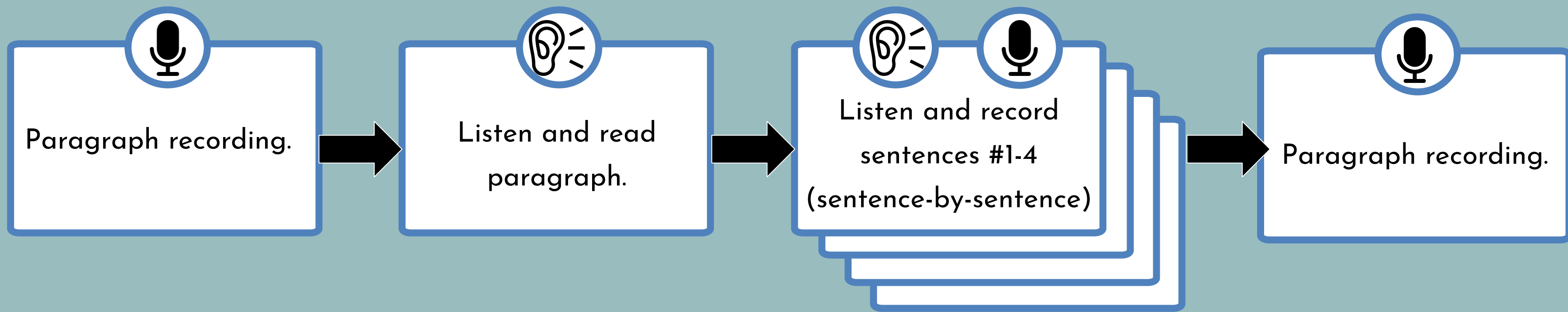
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Upload the mp3 file here, saved as: **"intro_firstname_v1"** (for example: intro_bianca_v1)

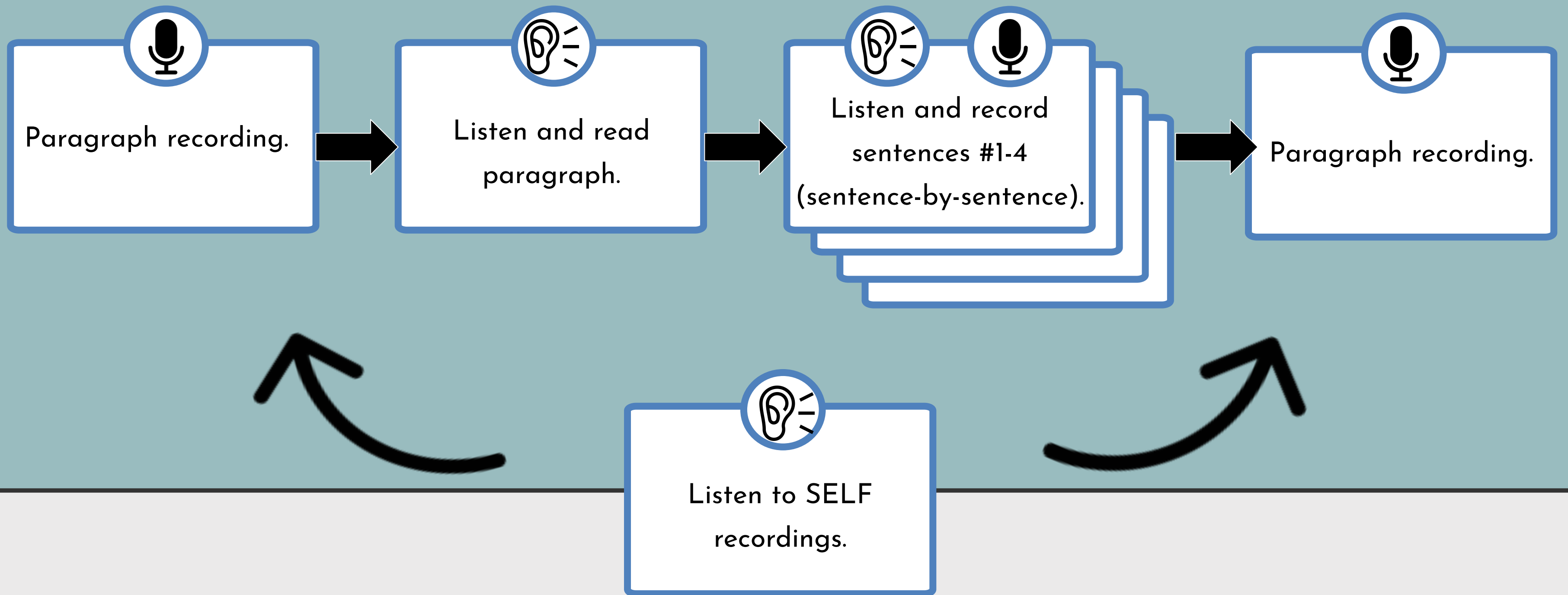
CANVAS TASK

Text + target items

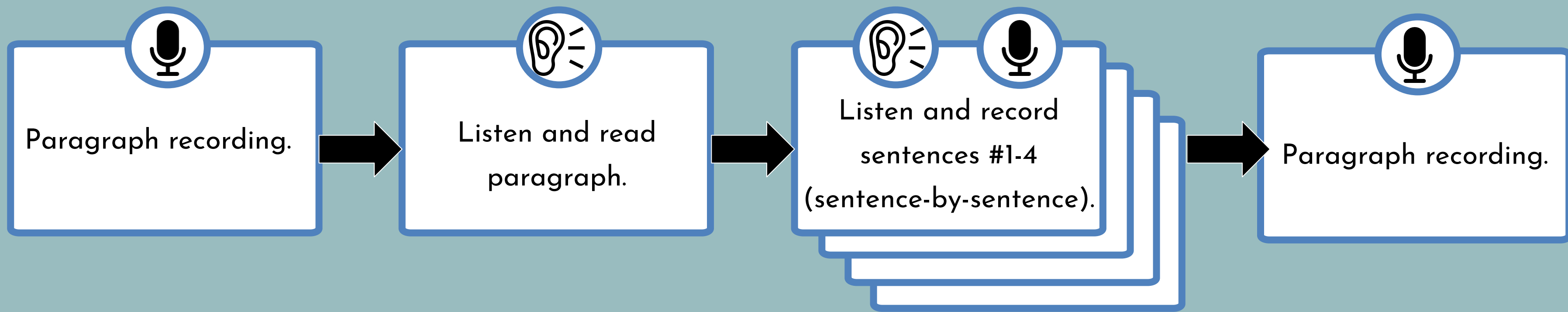
1. Ciao a **tutti!** Il mio nome è Ale, ho 26 **anni** e vengo **dall'Italia**.
2. Lavoro come insegnante e ho molti hobby:
Viaggiare, conoscere nuove lingue e culture, fare video.
3. Nella mia famiglia siamo cinque persone e una **bellissima gatta** di nome Crystal.
4. Il mio sogno per il futuro è lavorare nel mondo del videomaking.



TASK PROCEDURE



TASK PROCEDURE



Self-reflections

This box contains the text 'Self-reflections' and is accompanied by a speech bubble icon with a pencil, indicating a reflection or journaling activity.

Did you improve in any area of pronunciation?
What are some improvements in pronunciation that you could still make?

This box contains two reflective questions: 'Did you improve in any area of pronunciation?' and 'What are some improvements in pronunciation that you could still make?'.



Mid-semester



End of semester



Student reflections

Did you improve in any area of pronunciation?

"I am more confident, and most of the emphasis is on the correct syllables. I am also faster."

"I think I improved in the flow of my words. I was able to speak more confidently and keep the flow of my words going."

"Yes, I did improve in my pronunciation. In the first recording, I pronounced 'dell'Italia' more like 'dalla Italia'."

Acoustic analysis

Double consonants



pappa (longer in duration)

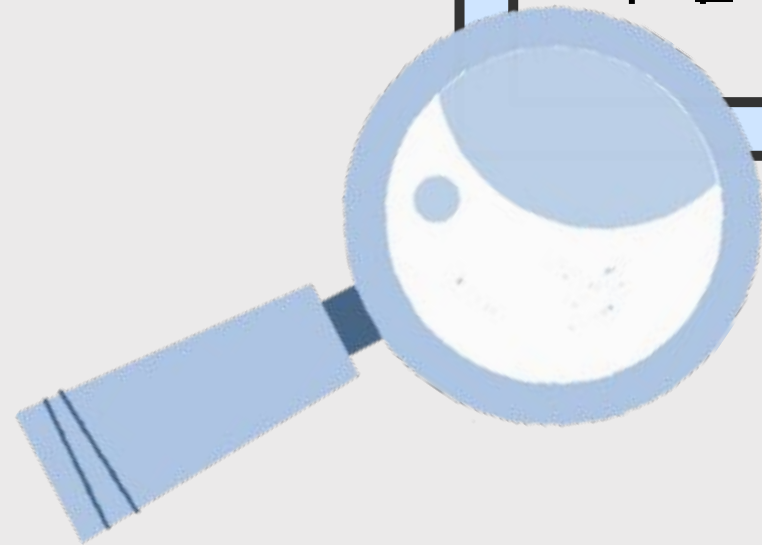
papà (shorter in duration)

Word linking



“Flow”

sentence-level prosody



Acoustic analysis



Data points

| Independent variables | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------|
| Word type | Recording context | Time point |
| Double consonant | No shadowing | Time point 1 |
| tutti, anni, bellissima, gatta | First and second paragraph recordings | mid semester |
| Linking | Shadowing | Time point 2 |
| dall'Italia | Sentence recordings | end of semester |

| Dependent variable |
|--------------------|
| Word duration |

Data points

Independent variables

Word type

Recording context

Time point

Dependent variable

Word duration

5 target items * 3 recording contexts * 2 time points =
30 data points per student

20 students recruited:
1 student dropped out of class
1 student removed because too many data points missing
analysis n = 18:
1 student = 28 data points
7 students = 29 data points
10 students = 30 data points

Mixed-effects regression model

Independent variables

Word type

Recording context

Time point

Dependent variable

Word duration

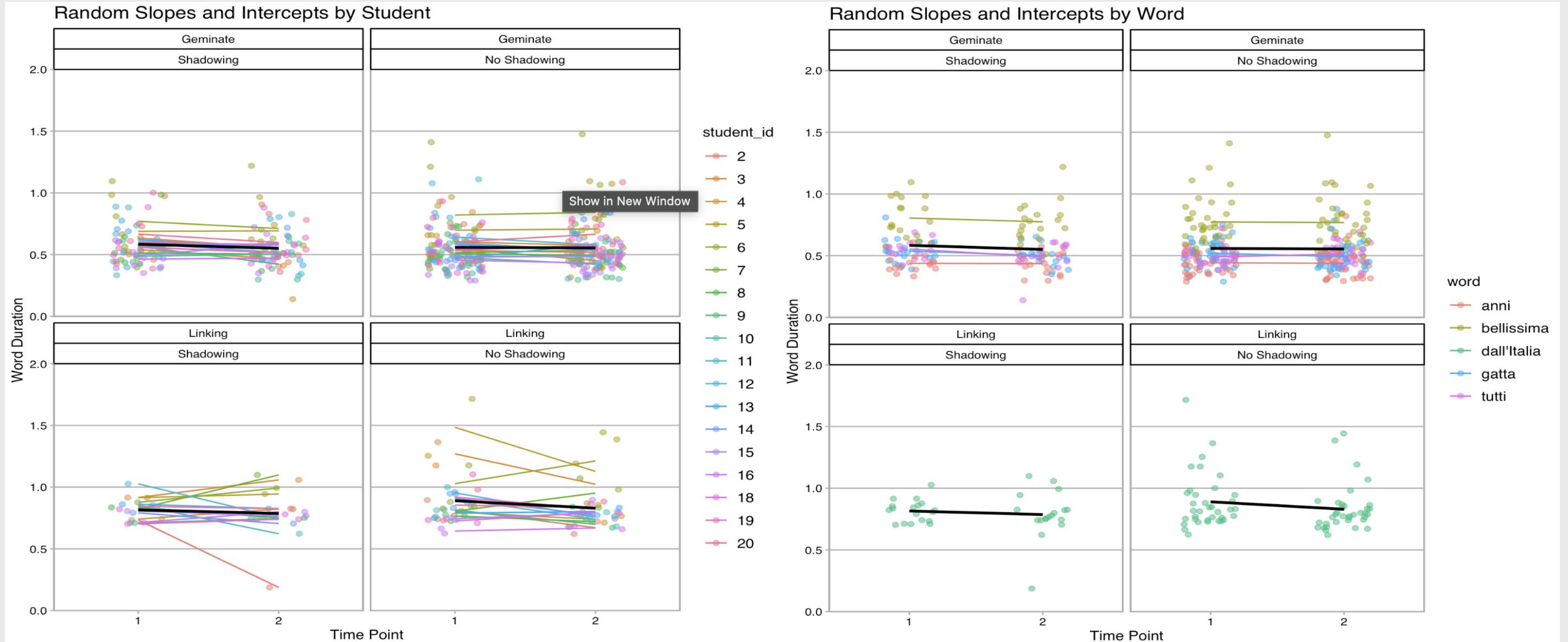
duration = **word type** * **recording context** * **time point** + (1|student) + (1|word)

three-way interactions
and random intercepts

Mixed-effects regression model

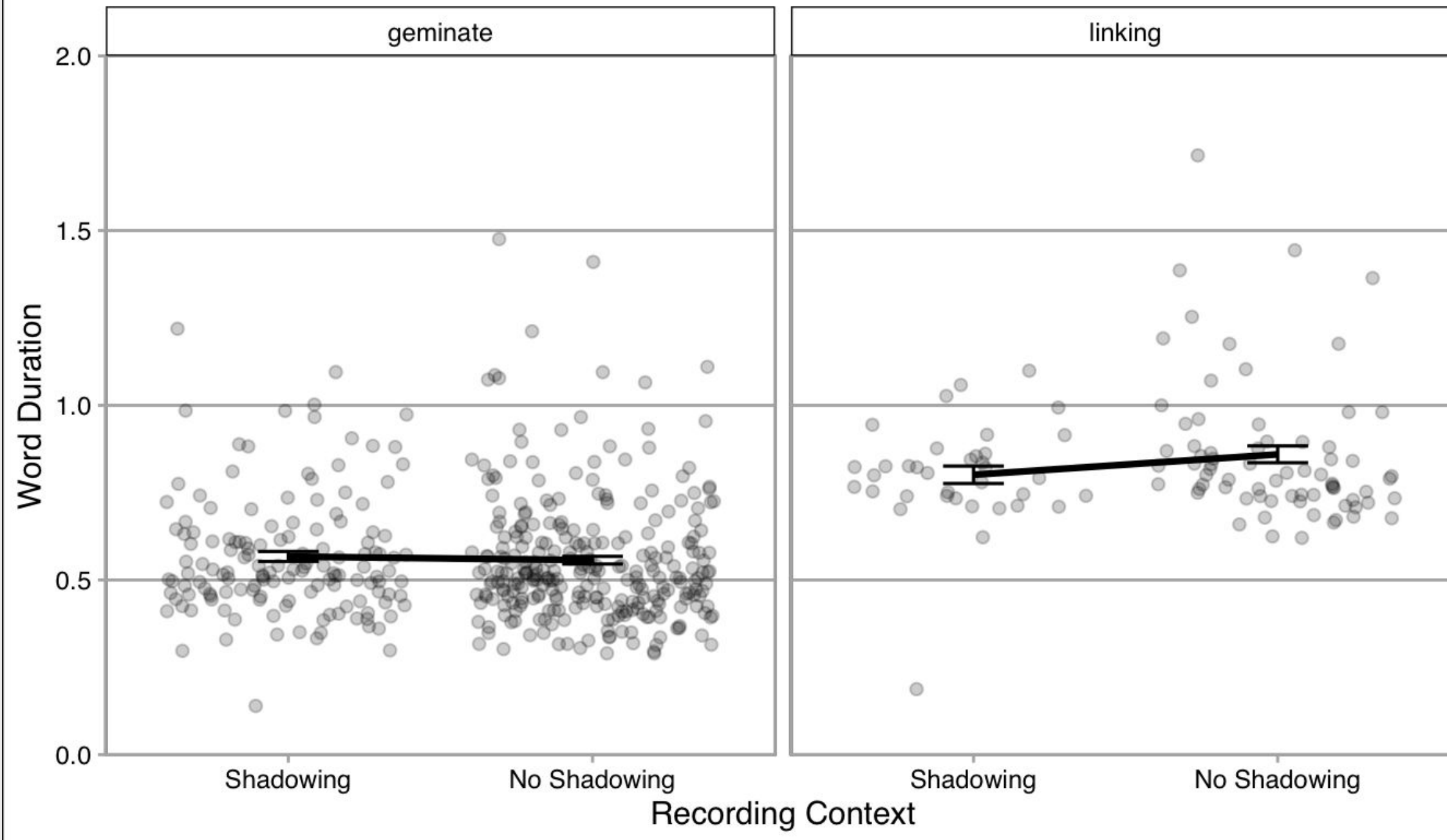
duration = **word type** * **recording context** * **time point** + (1|student) + (1|word)

three-way interactions and random intercepts



Results

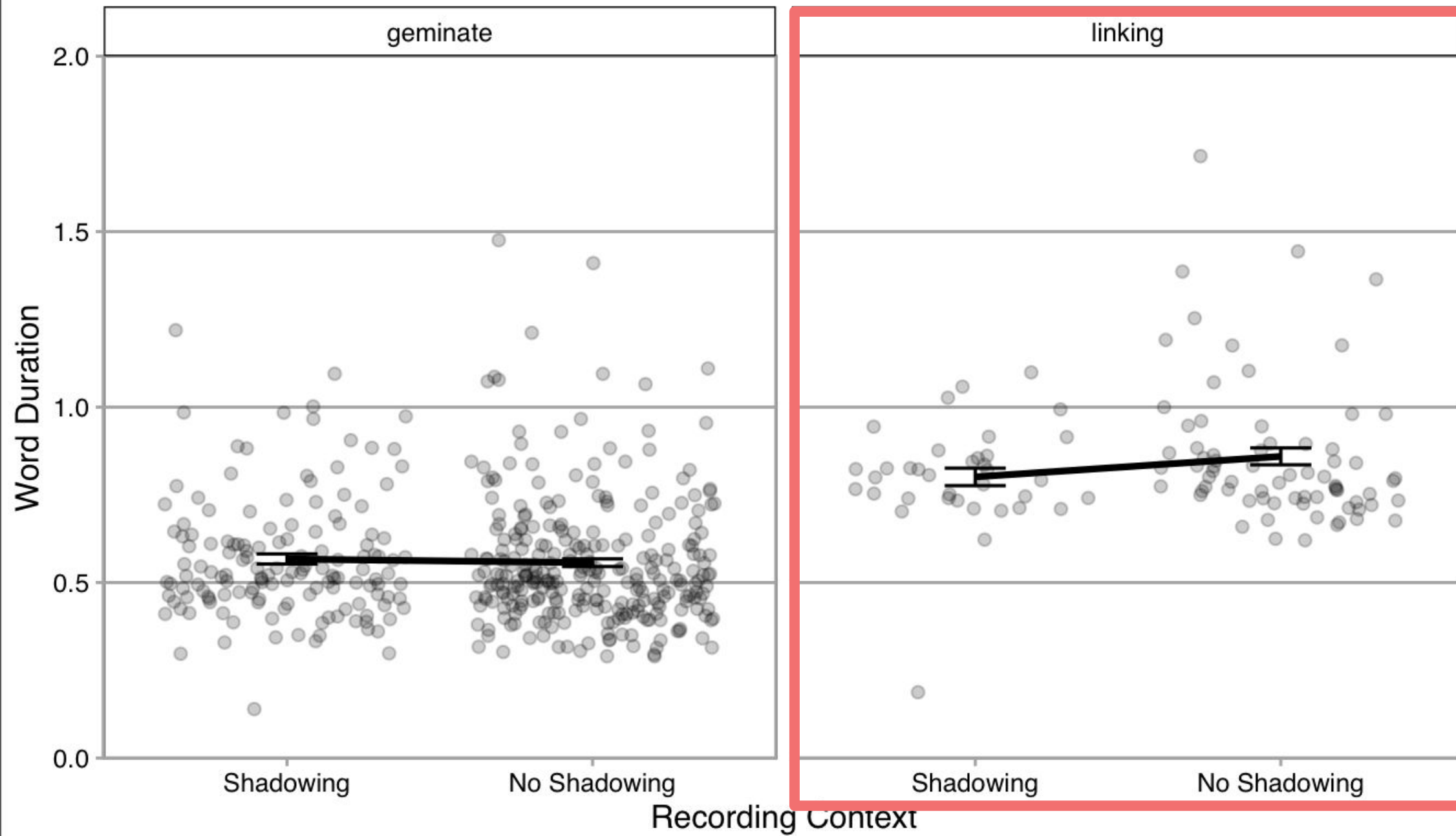
Word Duration Across Recording Contexts by Word Type



| <i>Predictors</i> | <i>Estimates</i> | duration | | <i>p</i> |
|---|------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|
| | | <i>CI</i> | | |
| (Intercept) | 0.56 | 0.41 – 0.71 | | <0.001 |
| time point [2] | -0.01 | -0.03 – 0.02 | | 0.641 |
| word type [linking] | 0.33 | 0.00 – 0.66 | | 0.049 |
| speech model [yes] | 0.02 | -0.01 – 0.06 | | 0.121 |
| time point [2] × word type [linking] | -0.05 | -0.11 – 0.00 | | 0.059 |
| time point [2] × speech model [yes] | -0.03 | -0.07 – 0.02 | | 0.213 |
| word type [linking] × speech model [yes] | -0.10 | -0.17 – -0.03 | | 0.005 |
| (time point [2] × word type [linking]) × speech model [yes] | 0.06 | -0.04 – 0.16 | | 0.233 |
| Random Effects | | | | |
| σ^2 | 0.01 | | | |
| τ_{00} student_id | 0.01 | | | |
| τ_{00} word | 0.02 | | | |
| ICC | 0.72 | | | |
| $N_{\text{student_id}}$ | 18 | | | |
| N_{word} | 5 | | | |
| Observations | 531 | | | |
| Marginal R^2 / Conditional R^2 | 0.240 / 0.785 | | | |

Post-hoc testing

Word Duration Across Recording Contexts by Word Type



| Predictors | Estimates | duration | | p |
|---|---------------|---------------|--|--------------|
| | | CI | | |
| (Intercept) | 0.56 | 0.41 – 0.71 | | <0.001 |
| time point [2] | -0.01 | -0.03 – 0.02 | | 0.641 |
| word type [linking] | 0.33 | 0.00 – 0.66 | | 0.049 |
| speech model [yes] | 0.02 | -0.01 – 0.06 | | 0.121 |
| time point [2] × word type [linking] | -0.05 | -0.11 – 0.00 | | 0.059 |
| time point [2] × speech model [yes] | -0.03 | -0.07 – 0.02 | | 0.213 |
| word type [linking] × speech model [yes] | -0.10 | -0.17 – -0.03 | | 0.005 |
| (time point [2] × word type [linking]) × speech model [yes] | 0.06 | -0.04 – 0.16 | | 0.233 |
| Random Effects | | | | |
| σ^2 | 0.01 | | | |
| τ_{00} student_id | 0.01 | | | |
| τ_{00} word | 0.02 | | | |
| ICC | 0.72 | | | |
| $N_{\text{student_id}}$ | 18 | | | |
| N_{word} | 5 | | | |
| Observations | 531 | | | |
| Marginal R^2 / Conditional R^2 | 0.240 / 0.785 | | | |

Post-hoc testing

Wald chi-square tests for the linear combination of fixed effects in mixed-effects models
Bonferroni correction: alpha level $0.05/4=0.0125$

Tests 1 and 2 - difference in means within the same recording context across time points
Tests 3 and 4 - difference in means within the same time point across recording contexts

| word type = Linking | Shadowing | No shadowing |
|------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Time 1 | Mean = 0.816 | Mean = 0.890 |
| Time 2 | Mean = 0.787 | Mean = 0.829 |

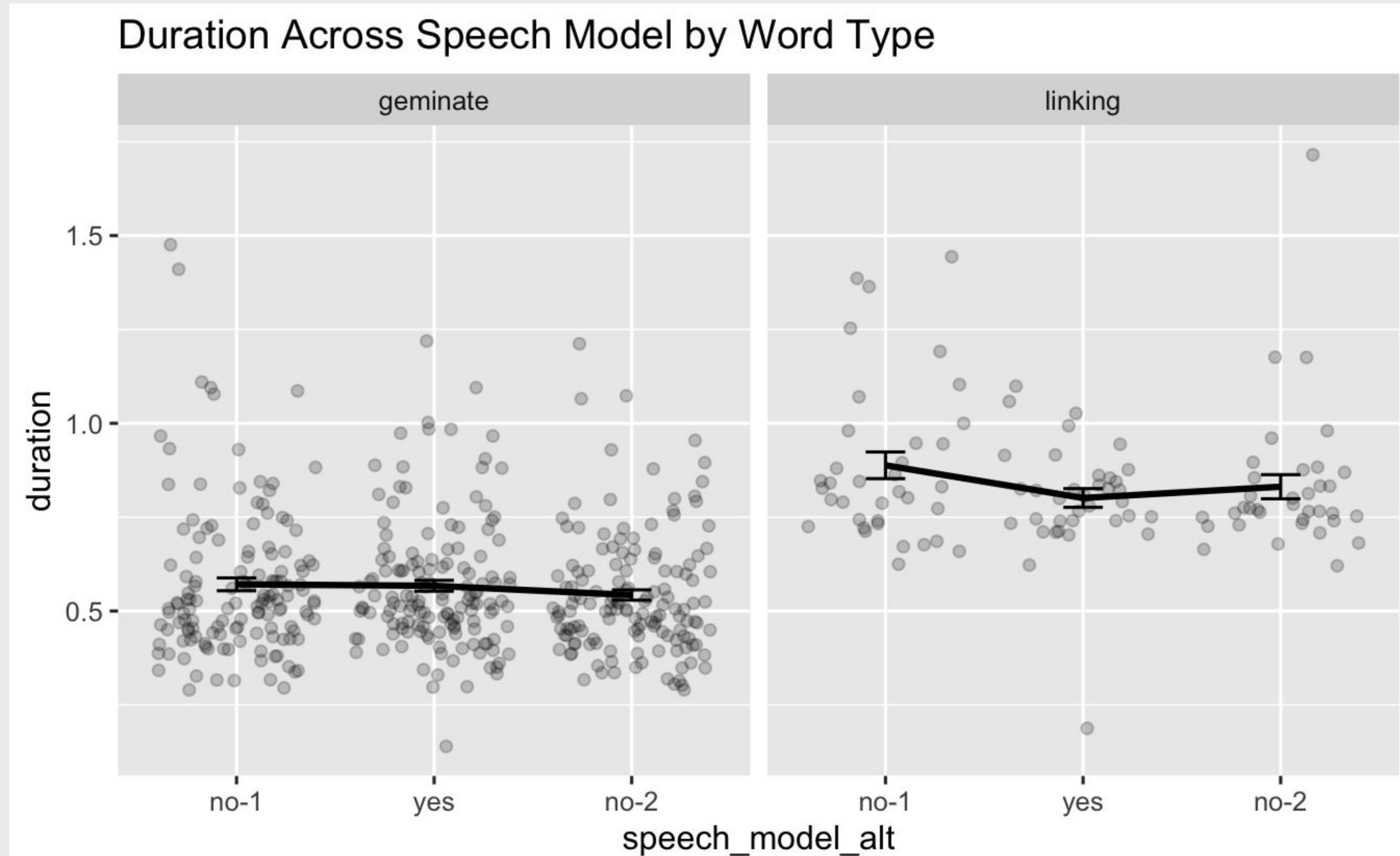
Test 1: $p = 0.45$

Test 2: $p = 0.53$

Test 3: $p = 0.017$

Test 4: $p = 0.0107^*$

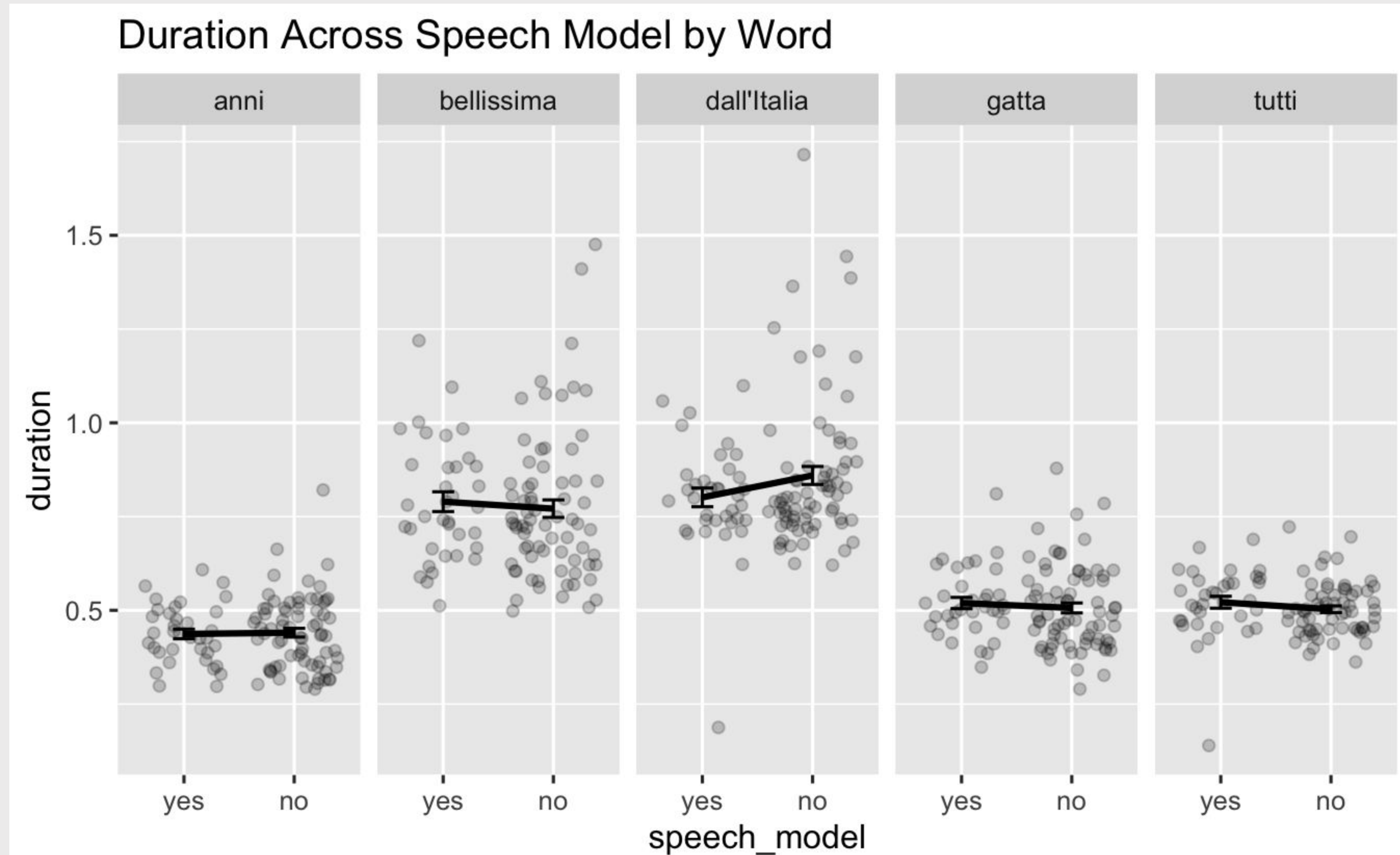
Alternative graph - in recording order



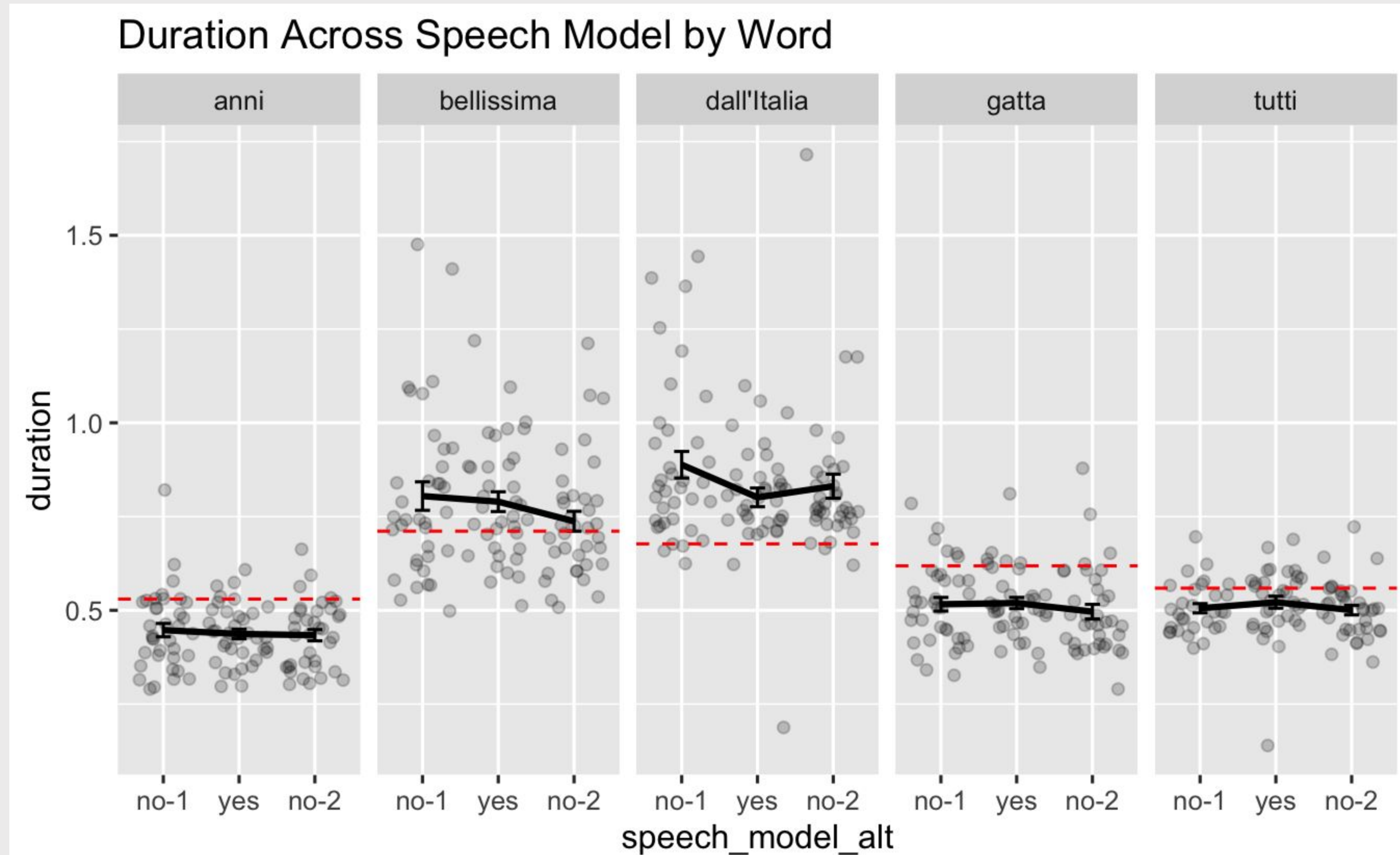
Extra slides - descriptive statistics

| word type = Geminate (tutti, anni, bellissima, gatta) | Speech Model | No Speech Model |
|--|--|---|
| Time 1 | Mean = 0.584 ; SE = 0.020 N = 71 | Mean = 0.559 ; SE = 0.015 N = 138 |
| Time 2 | Mean = 0.550 ; SE = 0.020 N = 72 | Mean = 0.554 ; SE = 0.016 N = 142 |
| word type = Linking (dall'Italia) | Speech Model | No Speech Model |
| Time 1 | Mean = 0.816 ; SE = 0.021 N = 18 | Mean = 0.890 ; SE = 0.037 N = 36 |
| Time 2 | Mean = 0.787 ; SE = 0.046 N = 18 | Mean = 0.829 ; SE = 0.031 N = 36 |

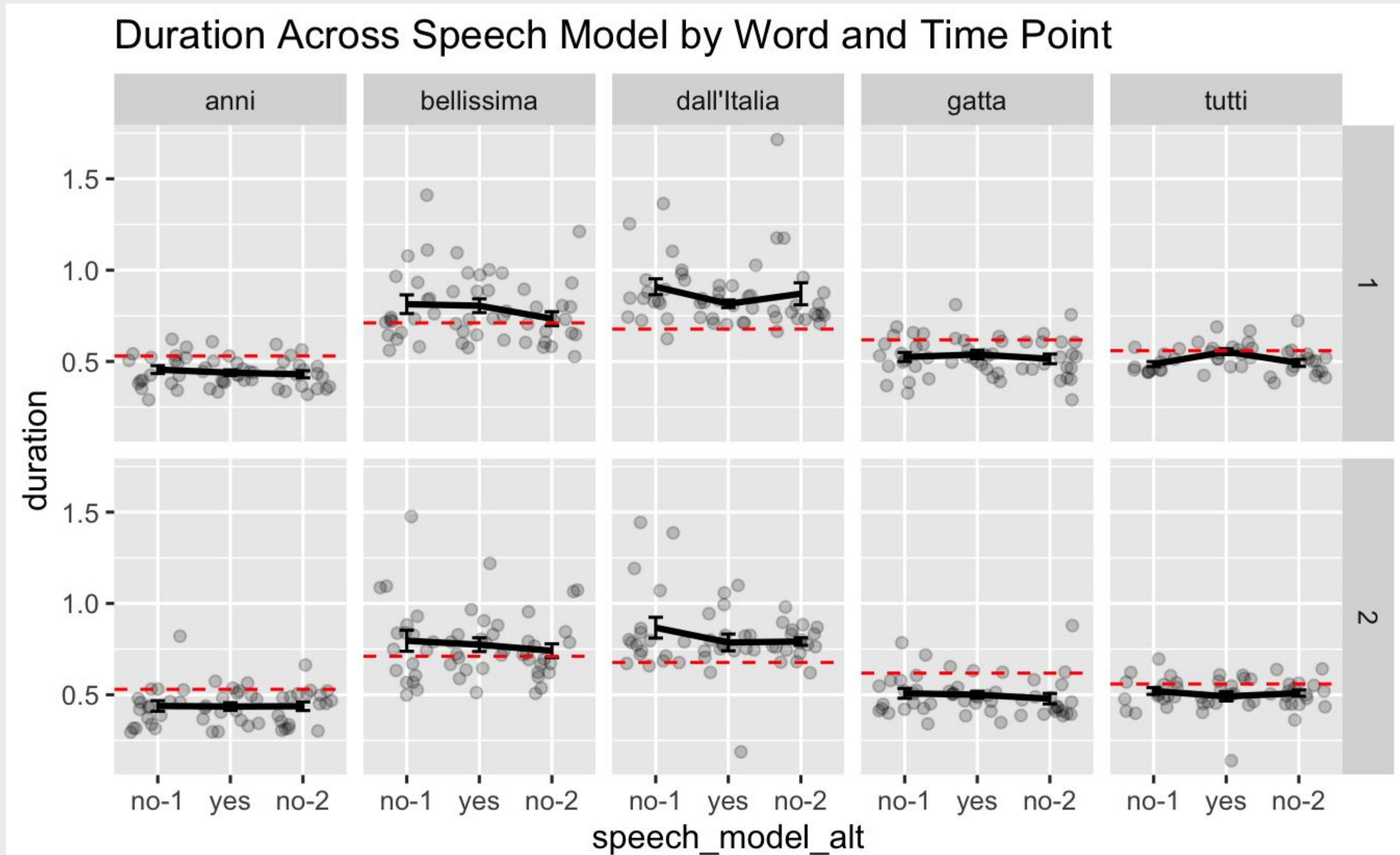
Extra graphs - shadowing not recording order



Extra graphs - recording order with target duration



Extra graphs - recording order with target duration



Discussion

MAIN FINDINGS

- Students' word-linking improves when shadowing sentence-by-sentence.
- No statistically significant change from mid- to end-of-semester.
- Students' confidence grew.

THEORETICAL & PRACTICAL EXPLANATIONS

- Use of shadowing practice as a mediation tool (Sociocultural theory)
- The effect of repetition on fluency (Automaticity Theory)
- Metalinguistic Awareness
- Short time (mid to end-of-semester) for transfer to occur

PEDAGOGICAL IMPLICATIONS

- student-lead task
- self-evaluation and raise of awareness
- students sense of confidence may improve their investment into learning & monitor self-progress